

The Data Visualization Cheat Sheet

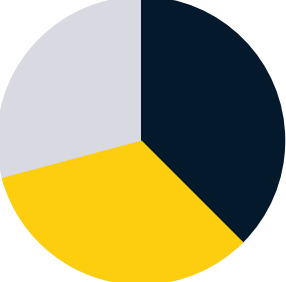
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How to use this cheat sheet

Use this cheat sheet for inspiration when making your next data visualizations. For more data visualization cheat sheets, check out our cheat sheets repository [here](#).

> Part-to-whole charts

Pie chart



One of the most common ways to show part to whole data. It is also commonly used with percentages

USE CASES

- 1. Voting preference by age group
- 2. Market share of cloud providers

Donut pie chart



The donut pie chart is a variant of the pie chart, the difference being it has a hole in the center for readability

USE CASES

- 1. Android OS market share
- 2. Monthly sales by channel

Heat maps



Heatmaps are two-dimensional charts that use color shading to represent data trends.

USE CASES

- 1. Average monthly temperatures across the year
- 2. Departments with the highest amount of attrition over time

Stacked column chart

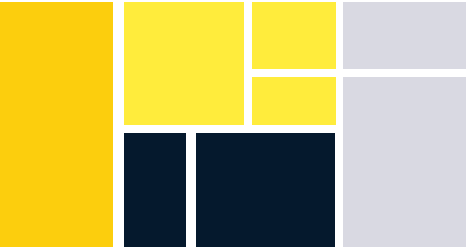


Best to compare subcategories within categorical data. Can also be used to compare percentages

USE CASES

- 1. Quarterly sales per region
- 2. Total car sales by producer

Treemap charts



2D rectangles whose size is proportional to the value being measured and can be used to display hierarchically structured data

USE CASES

- 1. Grocery sales count with categories
- 2. Stock price comparison by industry and company

> Capture a trend

Line chart



The most straightforward way to capture how a numeric variable is changing over time

USE CASES

- 1. Revenue in \$ over time
- 2. Energy consumption in kWh over time
- 3. Google searches over time

Multi-line chart



Captures multiple numeric variables over time. It can include multiple axes allowing comparison of different units and scale ranges

USE CASES

- 1. Apple vs Amazon stocks over time
- 2. Lebron vs Steph Curry searches over time
- 3. Bitcoin vs Ethereum price over time

Area chart



Shows how a numeric value progresses by shading the area between line and the x-axis

USE CASES

- 1. Total sales over time
- 2. Active users over time

Stacked area chart

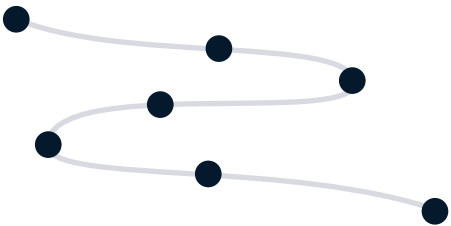


Most commonly used variation of area charts, the best use is to track the breakdown of a numeric value by subgroups

USE CASES

- 1. Active users over time by segment
- 2. Total revenue over time by country

Spline chart



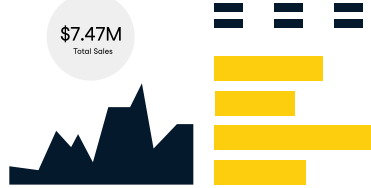
Smoothened version of a line chart. It differs in that data points are connected with smoothed curves to account for missing values, as opposed to straight lines

USE CASES

- 1. Electricity consumption over time
- 2. CO2 emissions over time

> Visualize a single value

Card

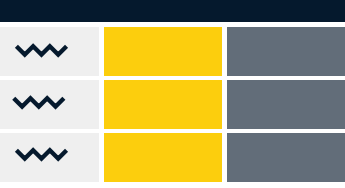


Cards are great for showing and tracking KPIs in dashboards or presentations

USE CASES

- 1. Revenue to date on a sales dashboard
- 2. Total sign-ups after a promotion

Table chart



Best to be used on small datasets, it displays tabular data in a table

USE CASES

- 1. Account executive leaderboards
- 2. Registrations per webinar

Gauge chart



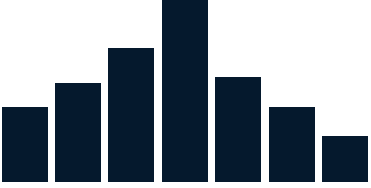
This chart is often used in executive dashboard reports to show relevant KPIs

USE CASES

- 1. NPS scores
- 2. Revenue to target

> Capture distributions

Histogram

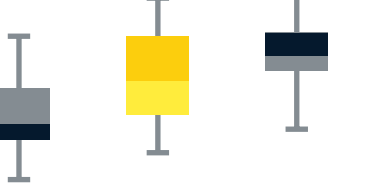


Shows the distribution of a variable. It converts numerical data into bins as columns. The x-axis shows the range, and the y-axis represents the frequency

USE CASES

- 1. Distribution of salaries in an organization
- 2. Distribution of height in one cohort

Box plot



Shows the distribution of a variable using 5 key summary statistics—minimum, first quartile, median, third quartile, and maximum

USE CASES

- 1. Gas efficiency of vehicles
- 2. Time spent reading across readers

Violin plot

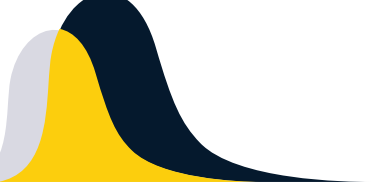


A variation of the box plot. It also shows the full distribution of the data alongside summary statistics

USE CASES

- 1. Time spent in restaurants across age groups
- 2. Length of pill effects by dose

Density plot



Visualizes a distribution by using smoothing to allow smoother distributions and better capture the distribution shape of the data

USE CASES

- 1. Distribution of price of hotel listings
- 2. Comparing NPS scores by customer segment

> Visualize relationships

Bar chart



One of the easiest charts to read which helps in quick comparison of categorical data. One axis contains categories and the other axis represents values

USE CASES

- 1. Volume of google searches by region
- 2. Market share in revenue by product

Column chart



Also known as a vertical bar chart, where the categories are placed on the x-axis. These are preferred over bar charts for short labels, date ranges, or negatives in values

USE CASES

- 1. Brand market share
- 2. Profit Analysis by region

Scatter plot



Most commonly used chart when observing the relationship between two variables. It is especially useful for quickly surfacing potential correlations between data points

USE CASES

- 1. Display the relationship between time-on-platform and churn
- 2. Display the relationship between salary and years spent at company

Connected scatterplot



A hybrid between a scatter plot and a line plot, the scatter dots are connected with a line

USE CASES

- 1. Cryptocurrency price index
- 2. Visualizing timelines and events when analyzing two variables

Bubble chart



Often used to visualize data points with 3 dimensions, namely visualized on the x-axis, y-axis, and with the size of the bubble. It tries to show relations between data points using location and size

USE CASES

- 1. Adwords analysis: CPC vs Conversions vs Share of total conversions
- 2. Relationship between life expectancy, GDP per capita, & population size

Word cloud chart



A convenient visualization for visualizing the most prevalent words that appear in a text

USE CASES

- 1. Top 100 used words by customers in customer service tickets

> Visualize a flow

Sankey chart



Useful for representing flows in systems. This flow can be any measurable quantity

USE CASES

- 1. Energy flow between countries
- 2. Supply chain volumes between warehouses

Chord chart

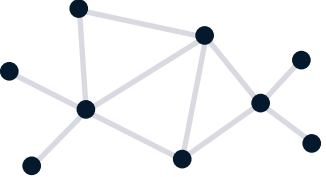


Useful for presenting weighted relationships or flows between nodes. Especially useful for highlighting the dominant or important flows

USE CASES

- 1. Export between countries to showcase biggest export partners
- 2. Supply chain volumes between the largest warehouses

Network chart



Similar to a graph, it consists of nodes and interconnected edges. It illustrates how different items have relationships with each other

USE CASES

- 1. How different airports are connected worldwide
- 2. Social media friend group analysis

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